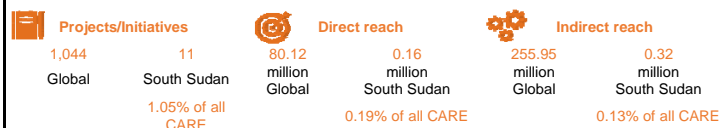


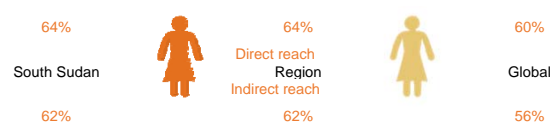
CARE SOUTH SUDAN REPORT

PROGRAM INFORMATION & IMPACT REPORTING SYSTEM (PIIRS) - FY 2016

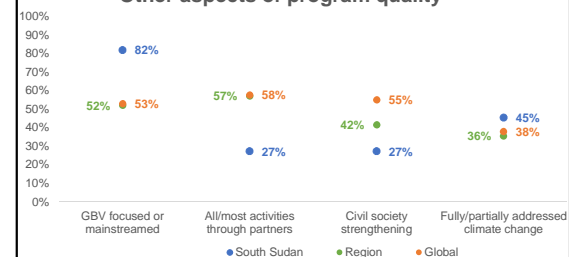
CONTRIBUTION TO CARE INTERNATIONAL



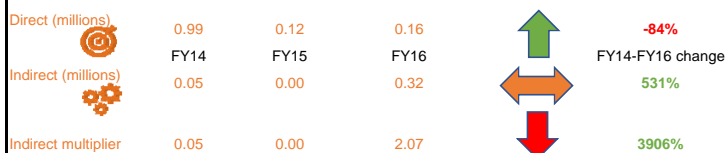
% WOMEN REACHED BY CARE SOUTH SUDAN



Other aspects of program quality

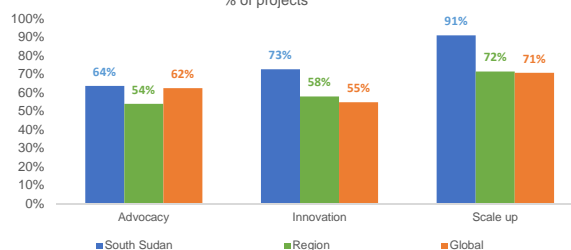


CHANGE IN CARE SOUTH SUDAN'S REACH OVER LAST 3 YEARS

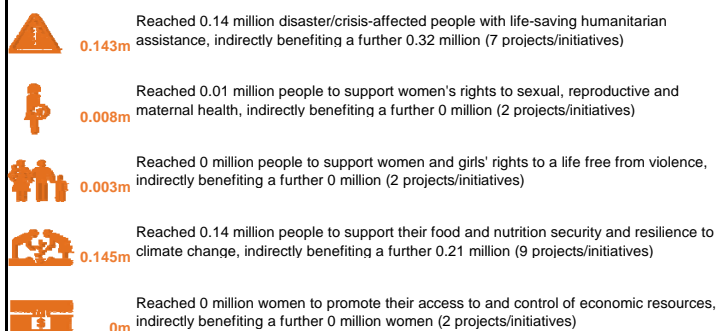


Multiplying Impact

% of projects

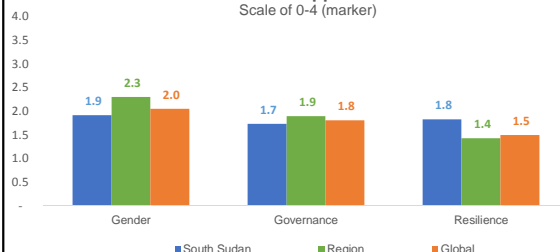


CONTRIBUTIONS TO REACH IN PROGRAM STRATEGY OUTCOME AREAS



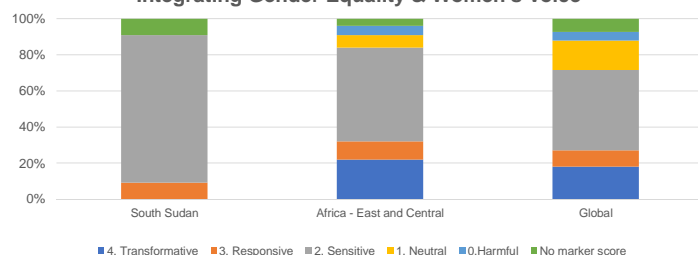
CARE's approach

Scale of 0-4 (marker)

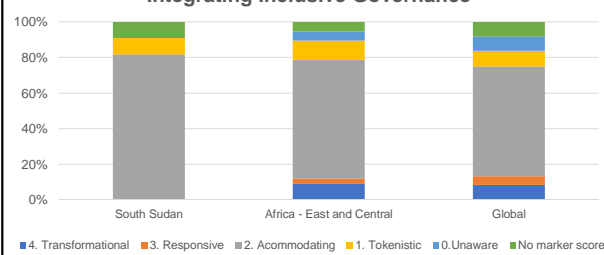


- 91% of projects are at least gender sensitive, but only 0% of projects are gender transformative
- While 82% of projects score 2 or higher on the governance marker, 0% of projects are transformational in terms of inclusive governance
- 73% of projects promoted resilience (36% fully and 36% partially)
- 9% of projects fully addressed vulnerability caused by climate change. 45% of projects had no strategy to address climate change vulnerability
- Partners implemented all activities in 27% of projects, most activities in 0% of projects, and some activities in 0% of projects
- Civil society strengthening activities were included in 27% of projects, but was an explicit objective in 9% of projects
- 36% of projects had an intensive advocacy focus, and a further 27% had a moderate advocacy focus
- While 64% of projects promoted innovative solutions to poverty and social injustice, only 18% measured the impact of these innovations
- 64% of projects linked and worked with others to scale up proven solutions, and a further 27% took solutions to scale by themselves
- 27% of projects were fully focused on addressing SGBV, while a further 55% mainstreamed SGBV in other actions/thematic areas

Integrating Gender Equality & Women's Voice



Integrating Inclusive Governance



Integrating Resilience

