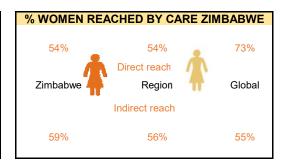
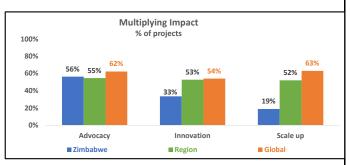
CARE ZIMBABWE REPORT PROGRAM INFORMATION & IMPACT REPORTING SYSTEM (PIIRS) - FY 2017

CONTRIBUTION TO CARE INTERNATIONAL Indirect reach **Projects/Initiatives Direct reach** 950 19 62.9 1,146.9 216.0 632.4 # of projects millions '000s millions '000s Global Zimbabwe Global 7imbabwe Global Zimbabwe 1.82% of all 0.29% of all 2% of all CARE **CARE** CARE





CARE ZIMBABWE'S REACH OVER LAST 3 YEARS					
		FY15	FY16	FY17	FY15-FY17 change
Direct ('000s)	o	439.7	964.1	1,146.9	161%
Indirect ('000s)	og C	232.4	301.5	632.4	172%
Indirect ratio	×	0.5	0.3	0.6	4%

CONTRIBUTIONS TO PROGRAM STRATEGY OUTCOME AREAS



580,615 Reached 581 thousand disaster/crisis-affected people with life-saving humanitarian assistance, indirectly benefiting a further 0 thousand (6 projects/initiatives)



54,376 Reached 54 thousand people to support women's rights to sexual, reproductive and maternal health, indirectly benefiting a further 101 thousand (3 projects/initiatives)



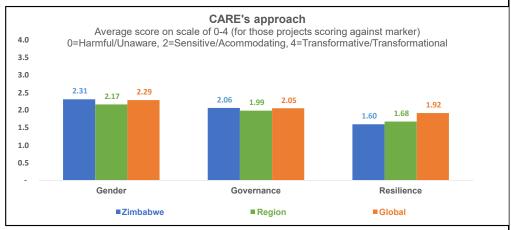
112,288 Reached 112 thousand people to support women and girls' rights to a life free from violence, indirectly benefiting a further 353 thousand (3 projects/initiatives)

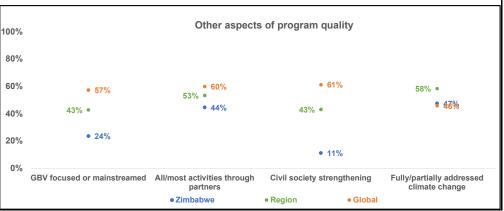


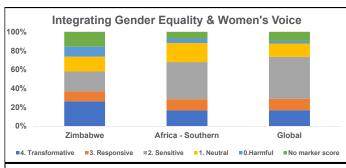
941,634 Reached 942 thousand people to support their food and nutrition security and resilience to climate change, indirectly benefiting a further 409 thousand (12 projects/initiatives)

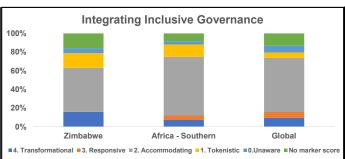


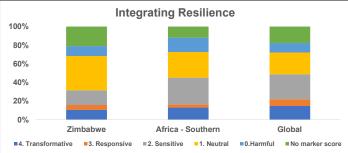
50,556 Reached 51 thousand women and girls to promote their access to and control of economic resources, indirectly benefiting a further 228 thousand (9 projects/initiatives)











21% of projects responded to the different needs and constraints of individuals based on their gender, but did little to change larger contextual issues that lie at the root of gender inequality. Only 26% of projects are gender transformative

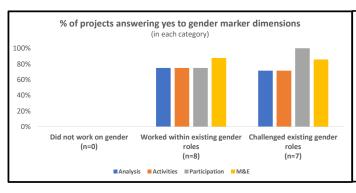


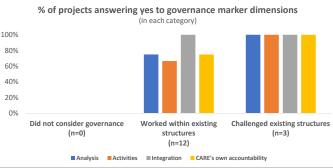
47% of projects worked to make existing institutions and power relations more inclusive, but without significantly challenging and changing power dynamics. Only 16% of projects are transformational in terms of inclusive governance

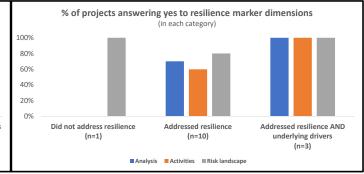


16% of projects addressed the resilience of individuals and communities, but without tackling the underlying causes of the risks they face. Only 11% of projects are transformative in terms of resilience









6% of projects were fully focused on addressing SGBV, while a further 18% mainstreamed SGBV in other actions/thematic areas



Civil society strengthening activities were included in 11% of projects, but was an explicit objective in 6% of projects



11% of projects fully addressed vulnerability caused by climate change. 53% of projects had no strategy to address climate change vulnerability



Partners implemented all activities in 44% of projects, most activities in 0% of projects, and some activities in 22% of projects



6% of projects had an intensive advocacy focus, and a further 50% had a moderate advocacy focus



While 56% of projects promoted innovative solutions to poverty and social injustice, only 0% measured the impact of these innovations



19% of projects linked and worked with others to scale up proven solutions, and a further 0% took solutions to scale by ourselves

